

# Guidelines for Laboratory Verification of Performance of the FilmArray® Blood Culture Identification (BCID) Panel

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## Purpose

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The Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA), passed in 1988, establishes quality standards for all laboratory testing to ensure the accuracy and reliability of patient test results, regardless of where the test is performed. The CLIA regulations include a requirement for verifying the performance specifications of unmodified, moderate complexity tests cleared or approved by the FDA.

This document provides an example of a verification procedure to assist your laboratory in developing a protocol for the verification of FilmArray Blood Culture Identification (BCID) system performance required by CLIA. A verification scheme, compatible with the FilmArray BCID Panel, has been designed. This scheme provides positive and negative tests for each organism detected by the FilmArray BCID Panel and may be easily modified or expanded to meet specific criteria. Day-to-day variation is evaluated by testing each sample on two separate days. To evaluate user-to-user variation, multiple laboratory technicians may test the same sample. In addition, patient samples can be tested. As per the CLIA regulation, the Laboratory Director is ultimately responsible for ensuring that verification procedures meet the appropriate standards for CLIA and applicable laboratory accrediting agencies.

## FilmArray Intended Use

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The FilmArray Blood Culture Identification (BCID) Panel is a qualitative multiplexed nucleic acid-based *in vitro* diagnostic test intended for use with FilmArray systems. The FilmArray BCID Panel is capable of simultaneous detection and identification of multiple bacterial and yeast nucleic acids and select genetic determinants of antimicrobial resistance. The BCID Panel test is performed directly on positive blood culture samples that demonstrate the presence of organisms as determined by Gram stain.

The following gram-positive bacteria, gram-negative bacteria, and yeast are identified using the FilmArray BCID Panel: Enterococci, *Listeria monocytogenes*, Staphylococci (including specific differentiation of *Staphylococcus aureus*), Streptococci (with specific differentiation of *Streptococcus agalactiae*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, and *Streptococcus pyogenes*), *Acinetobacter baumannii*, *Enterobacteriaceae* (including specific differentiation of the *Enterobacter cloacae* complex, *Escherichia coli*, *Klebsiella oxytoca*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Proteus*, and *Serratia marcescens*), *Haemophilus influenzae*, *Neisseria meningitidis* (encapsulated), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Candida albicans*, *Candida glabrata*, *Candida krusei*, *Candida parapsilosis*, and *Candida tropicalis*.

The FilmArray BCID Panel also contains assays for the detection of genetic determinants of resistance to methicillin (*mecA*), vancomycin (*vanA* and *vanB*), and carbapenems (*bla<sub>KPC</sub>*) to aid in the identification of potentially antimicrobial resistant organisms in positive blood culture samples.

The complete intended use statement and additional information about the use of the FilmArray system can be found in the *FilmArray Blood Culture Identification (BCID) Panel Instruction Booklet*

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### Performance Verification: Overview

The procedure described below will generate multiple positive and negative results for each of the FilmArray BCID assays. The procedures were developed using organism strains available from Microbiologics®, Saint Cloud, MN (part numbers listed in materials section).

A simple procedure has been designed to take advantage of the multiplex nature of the FilmArray BCID Panel. Verification testing efficiency is maximized by evaluating multiple target organisms in a single test run.

A FilmArray system is defined as all FilmArray instruments that are connected to and controlled by a single computer system. If the laboratory director chooses not to perform the verification protocol on each individual instrument, it is advised that test replicates are evenly distributed among the instruments.

In addition to, or in place of, verification schemes described here; a laboratory may choose to test clinical/patient samples to assess clinical sensitivity and sample matrix effects in its performance verification of the FilmArray BCID Panel.

**Table 1.** Overview of Verification Protocol

Verification Protocol	Organisms per Pool <sup>a</sup>	Number of Sample Pools	Replicates per Sample Pool	Pouches Required	Expected Positive Results	Expected Negative Results	Approximate Days of Testing <sup>b</sup>
Simple protocol <sup>c</sup>	6, 7, or 9	3	4	12	4 per organism	8 per organism	2

<sup>a</sup> Depending on the material used for verification, pooling of organisms may not be appropriate and the values in the table may need to be modified.

<sup>b</sup> The approximate number of days for testing assumes a system configured with one instrument and does not include time to grow microbial cultures.

<sup>c</sup> This simple protocol may be easily expanded to increase the number of pouches tested on one instrument or for the verification of multiple instruments.

## Performance Verification: Materials

The following materials may be needed to perform verification procedures:

**Table 2.** Materials needed for recommended verification procedure

Material	Part Number
FilmArray BCID Panel (30 tests per kit)	BioFire Diagnostics, LLC RFIT-ASY-0126
BD BACTEC™ Plus Aerobic/F Medium (with resin)	BD, 442192 <sup>a</sup> (or equivalent)
Human Whole Blood with EDTA (pathogen free)	Bioreclamation LLC, HMWBEDTA2 (or equivalent, with anticoagulant)
McFarland Turbidity Standard, 1.0	Fisher Scientific, R20411 (or equivalent)
Phosphate Buffered Saline, pH 7.4	Sigma, P3813 (or equivalent)
Polystyrene tube with cap (14 mL, 16 x 100 mm, round-bottom)	VWR, 82050-246 (or equivalent)
Polypropylene centrifuge tube with flat cap (50 mL, sterile)	VWR, 89004-364 (or equivalent)

<sup>a</sup>See the *BCID Instruction Booklet* for limitations associated with blood culture bottles.

**Table 3.** Recommended organism strain and source for verification procedure

Organism	Microbiologics Catalog Number <sup>a</sup>
<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> ATCC® 19606™ KWIK-STIK	0357P
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC® 10231™ Lab-Elite	0443-CRM
<i>Candida glabrata</i> ATCC® 15126™ KWIK-STIK	0737P
<i>Candida krusei</i> ATCC® 14243™ KWIK-STIK	0809P
<i>Candida parapsilosis</i> ATCC® 22019™ KWIK-STIK	0726P
<i>Candida tropicalis</i> ATCC® 1369™ KWIK-STIK	01036P
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> subsp. <i>cloacae</i> ATCC® 13047™ Lab-Elite	0323-CRM
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC® 51299™ KWIK-STIK	0959P <sup>b</sup>
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC® 11229™ Lab-Elite	0681-CRM
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> ATCC® 10211™ KWIK-STIK	0441P
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> ATCC® 13182™ KWIK-STIK	0530P
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> ATCC® BAA-1705™ KWIK-STIK	01005P <sup>c</sup>
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC® 19111™ KWIK-STIK	0277P
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> ATCC® 13077™ KWIK-STIK	0453P
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ATCC® 35659™ Lab-Elite	0944-CRM
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC® 27853™ KWIK-STIK	0353P
<i>Serratia marcescens</i> ATCC® 13880™ KWIK-STIK	0247P
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> subsp. <i>aureus</i> ATCC® 33591™ Lab-Elite	0496-CRM <sup>d</sup>
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ATCC® 12228™ Lab-Elite	0371-CRM
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> ATCC® 12386™ KWIK-STIK	0439P
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> ATCC® 10015™ KWIK-STIK	0865P
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ATCC® 19615™ Lab-Elite	0385-CRM

<sup>a</sup> Any appropriate source of organism may be used for verification of any or all of the assays in the FilmArray BCID Panel. However, when alternate organism sources are used, the sample volumes or pooling schemes suggested in the examples below may need to be adjusted. Alternate organism strains may not provide the same results for antimicrobial resistance genes as those suggested here.

<sup>b</sup> This strain of *E. faecalis* (ATCC® 51299) carries the *vanB* gene (vancomycin resistance).

<sup>c</sup> This strain of *K. pneumoniae* (ATCC® BAA-1705) carries the *bla<sub>KPC</sub>* gene (carbapenems resistance).

<sup>d</sup> This strain of *S. aureus* subsp. *aureus* (ATCC® 33591) carries the *mecA* gene (methicillin resistance).

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## Performance Verification Protocol

The protocol described below utilizes samples prepared by pooling together up to 9 different organism suspensions in a simulated blood culture matrix. The pooling scheme (Table 4) should be followed to obtain the expected number of positive and negative results for each organism in a time and resource-efficient manner.

 **Note:** Dilution of organisms beyond levels proposed in these guidelines may lead to inconsistent results and is not recommended.

The protocol can be followed to test a total of 12 pooled samples, providing 4 positive results and 8 negative results per organism. This example demonstrates how the verification can be completed by performing six tests per day. This testing scheme can be modified to run more samples per day based on the number of instruments in the FilmArray system. The number of samples tested per day should be determined by the individual laboratory.

**Table 4.** Recommended Organism Pooling Scheme

Organism	Organism Volume	Human Whole Blood	BD Culture Medium	Approximate Final Volume of Pool
<b>Pool 1</b>				
<i>Candida albicans</i>	0.1 mL	3 mL	8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Candida krusei</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)*	0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	0.1 mL			
<b>Pool 2</b>				
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	0.2 mL	3 mL	8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> (MSSE)**	0.4 mL			
<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Candida glabrata</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Candida tropicalis</i>	0.2 mL			
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	0.3 mL			
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	0.1 mL			
<b>Pool 3</b>				
<i>Candida parapsilosis</i>	0.1 mL	3 mL	8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Serratia marcescens</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	0.1 mL			

\*MRSA, methicillin resistant *S. aureus*.

\*\*MSSE, methicillin susceptible *S. epidermidis*.

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## Protocol Example

The estimated total time to completion for this verification example is 2 days for systems configured with one instrument (not including time to grow microbial cultures). A proposed organism pooling scheme is presented above in Table 4.

### Day 1

1. Obtain a pure culture of each organism that has been streaked for isolation on agar media appropriate for the organism. It is recommended to use agar plate cultures that are less than 1 week old. See Microbiologics product insert for use of KWIK-STIK cultures.
2. Prepare a suspension of each organism equivalent to McFarland turbidity standard 1.0 using approximately 3 mL of phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4.
3. Prepare three sample pools according to the organism pooling scheme presented in Table 4. The sample pool preparation worksheet in the Appendix can assist in the set-up to ensure all components are added to each pool.

 **Note:** It is important to prepare only the number of sample pools that will be tested within 2 days. The suggestion to prepare 3 sample pools is based on testing 6 pouches per day using one instrument. The number of samples prepared may be increased or decreased based on the laboratory's work schedule and the number of instruments connected within a FilmArray instrument.

- a. Use a pipette to add 3 mL of human whole blood to a 50 mL conical tube.

 **Note:** It is recommended to use blood that has been prescreened as negative for FilmArray BCID pathogens.

- b. Use a 12 gauge needle and a syringe to remove 8 mL of blood culture medium from a blood culture bottle and add it to the conical tube containing whole blood. Care should be taken to minimize transferring resin beads into the sample.
  - c. Use a pipette to transfer the appropriate volume (Table 4) of organism suspension to the blood-medium mixture.
  - d. Repeat for the remaining organisms in the pool to combine the appropriate organisms into a single 50 mL tube.
  - e. Ensure the pooled sample is effectively mixed by vortexing prior to removing a sample for testing.
  - f. Refrigerate samples (2–8°C) for up to 2 days for the evaluation of day-to-day variation.
4. Prepare and test two samples (i.e. A and B, see Figure 1) from a single sample pool (i.e. Pool #1). The duplicate samples should be tested in a single day by different users.

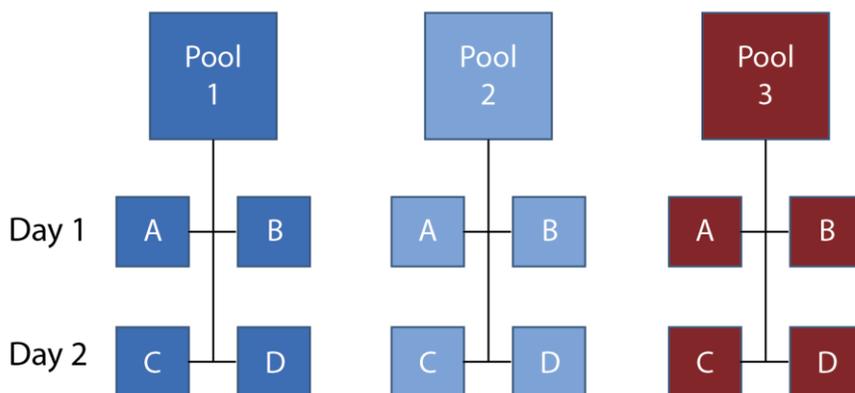
 **Note:** For each sample, follow instructions in the *FilmArray Blood Culture Identification (BCID) Panel Instruction Booklet* and *FilmArray Blood Culture Identification (BCID) Panel Quick Guide* for pouch preparation, pouch hydration, sample loading, and sample testing.

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- Repeat Step 3 for the remaining sample pools (pools #2 and #3) to be tested that day.

## **Day 2**

To evaluate day-to-day variation, test the remaining samples (i.e. samples C and D) from the same sample pools prepared on Day 1 by repeating Step 3 above.



**Figure 1.** Workflow for example protocol

## **Expanding the protocols**

The protocol described above can be expanded by increasing the number of tests from each of the organism pools. Each organism pool contains approximately 12 mL, which is enough material to complete many tests for each pool.

## **Verification of Loaner and Repaired Instruments**

If it becomes necessary to verify the performance of a loaner or repaired instrument, the following protocol may serve as a guideline.

- Select a few specimens and/or proficiency samples (any combination of positives and negatives) previously tested on the FilmArray BCID Panel. The Laboratory Director should determine the appropriate number of samples to test. Proficiency samples should not be pooled or diluted.
- Test the selected specimens/samples on the loaner or repaired instrument and document the results.

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## Technical Support Contact Information

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BioFire is dedicated to providing the best customer support available. If you have any questions or concerns about this process, please contact the FilmArray Technical Support team for assistance.

### **BioFire Technical Support**

Email: [support@biofiredx.com](mailto:support@biofiredx.com)

Phone: +1-801-736-6354, select Option 5 and then Option 1



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# Appendix

## Sample Pool Preparation Worksheet

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Organism	Organism Volume	Human Whole Blood Volume	Blood Culture Medium Volume	Approximate Final Volume of Pool
<b>Pool 1</b>				
<i>Candida albicans</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Candida krusei</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA)*	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<b>Pool 2</b>				
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.2 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> (MSSE)**	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.4 mL			
<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Candida glabrata</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Candida tropicalis</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.2 mL			
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.3 mL			
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<b>Pool 3</b>				
<i>Candida parapsilosis</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 mL	<input type="checkbox"/> 8 mL	~ 12 mL
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Serratia marcescens</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.1 mL			

\*MRSA, methicillin resistant *S. aureus*.

\*\*MSSE, methicillin susceptible *S. epidermidis*.

# FilmArray Instrument Verification Record

Computer System Serial # \_\_\_\_\_

FilmArray BCID Panel, Kit Part #: \_\_\_\_\_ Lot #: \_\_\_\_\_

Organism/Sample Source and Lot #: \_\_\_\_\_

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Organism	Instrument Serial #	Was the Organism Detected?	No. Positive	No. Negative	No. Days Tested	No. Users	Patient Samples Tested?
<i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Candida albicans</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Candida glabrata</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Candida krusei</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Candida parapsilosis</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Candida tropicalis</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> (with vanA/B call)		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Escherichia coli</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> (with KPC call)		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Serratia marcescens</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA, with mecA call)		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> (MSSE, no mecA call)		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No					

Reviewed by: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_